| S.No. | Name of Dispensary | During the current year |
|---|---|---|
| 84. | Sunder Vihar | 695 |
| 85. | Tilak Nagar | 576 |
| 86. | Tri Nagar | 206" |
| | Total Bills received | 12509 - |
| | Bills sent to PAO | 12509 |
| | Bills pendency | Nil |

**Allegations against MCI**

†573. SHRI P.K. MAHESHWARI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that about 200 MPs of the country have levelled allegations of corruption against the Medical Council of India;

(b) if so, the details in this regard;

(c) whether Government are considering to conduct any legal enquiry into this matter; and

(d) the steps taken by Government to prevent corruption prevailing in the field of medical education?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) to (d) Government has been receiving both verbal and written complaints regarding the functioning of MCI from number of persons including Members of Parliament. Such complaints as and when received, are dealt as per the relevant rule provisions.

To ensure transparency and smooth functioning of MCI the Government has moved a proposal for amending the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956.

**Diabetes in India**

574. SHRI S. M. LALJAN BASHA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether ICMR has done any studies on the growing prevalence of diabetes amongst the younger people in India;

(b) if so, the findings of this study;

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(c) to what extent has the study shown that soft drinks; sugar based food, fast food are the primary causes of diabetes amongst our youth;

(d) whether Government have made awareness schemes to counter this trend of sickness amongst our youth; and

(e) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) to (e) It is estimated that number of diabetics in the country is 32 million of which roughly 10% is insulin dependent diabetes of the young as reported by WHO. A hospital based study on south Indian urban population reported that 32.6% of their 11359 patients developed Insulin Dependent Diabetes Mellitus (IDDM) at <15 years of age. A population based study in Chennai found prevalence of IDDM in 0.26% per 1000 in <15 yrs. with a major peak at 12 years. A study was conducted by the Delhi Diabetes Research Centre, a non-governmental organisation in collaboration with Govt, of Delhi, focusing on hazards of obesity and its relation with diabetes, among the school children in Delhi. The study concluded that lack of physical activity/exercise combined with excess consumption of fast food and aerated drinks is the major cause of over weight obesity in these children which may be a pre-disposing factor towards diabetes. Under an ongoing ICMR-WHO study on Non-communicable Disease (NCD) surveillance, the diabetes as a risk factor of NCD has been taken up in the age group of 15-64 years at Delhi, Dibrugarh, Trivandrum, Chennai and Nagpur. This study will also provide prevalence of diabetes in young age group.

Since creating awareness through information, education and communication is the main strategy to tackle this issue, this component has been incorporated in the National Programme for Control of Diabetes and Cardiovascular Diseases (CVD) for which this Ministry has sought in principle approval from the Planning Commission.

**Slide in Growth of HIV infections**

575. SHRI R.K. ANAND: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there is an unprecedented slide in the annual growth of HIV infections in India;